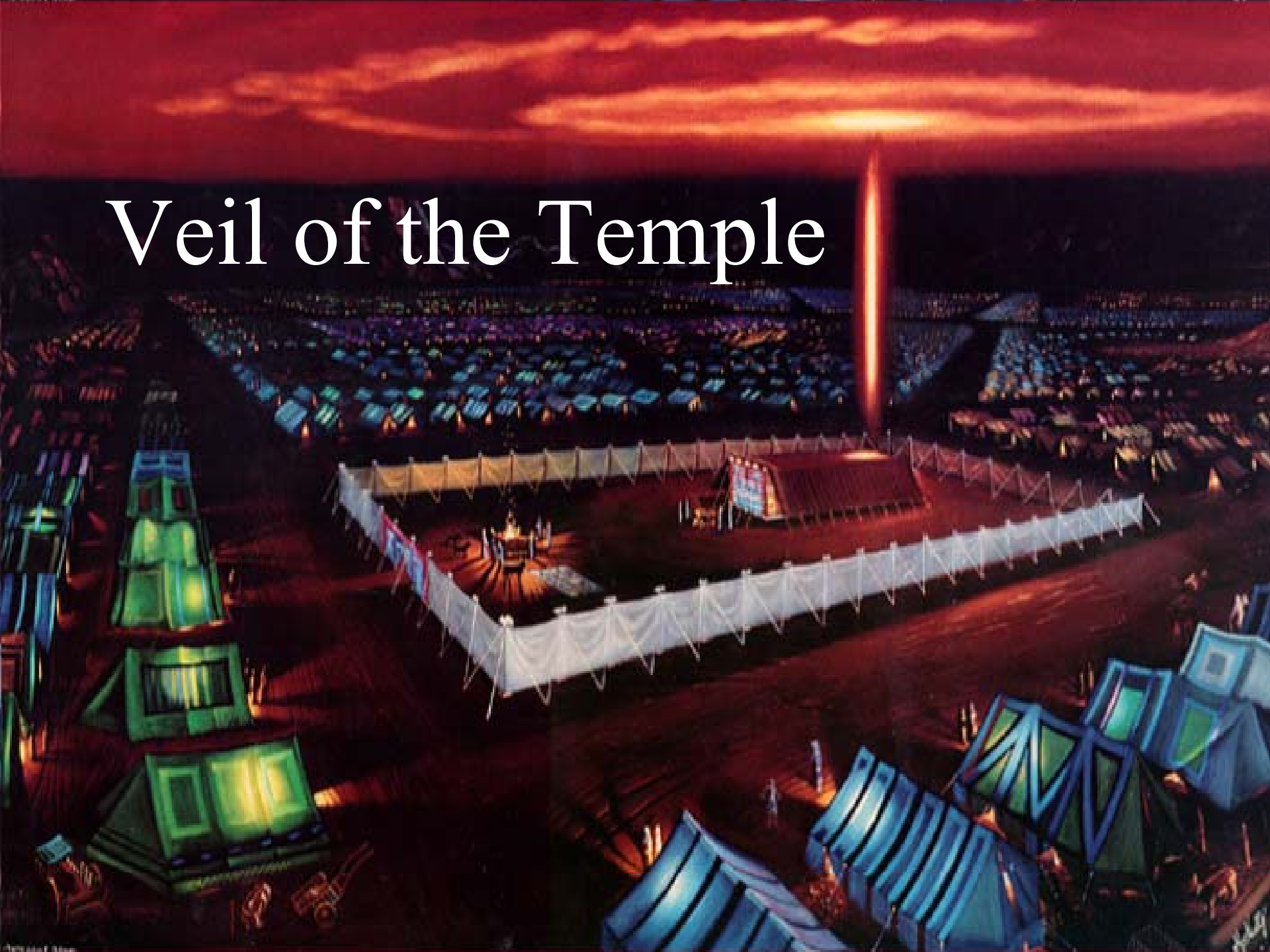


Veil of the Temple

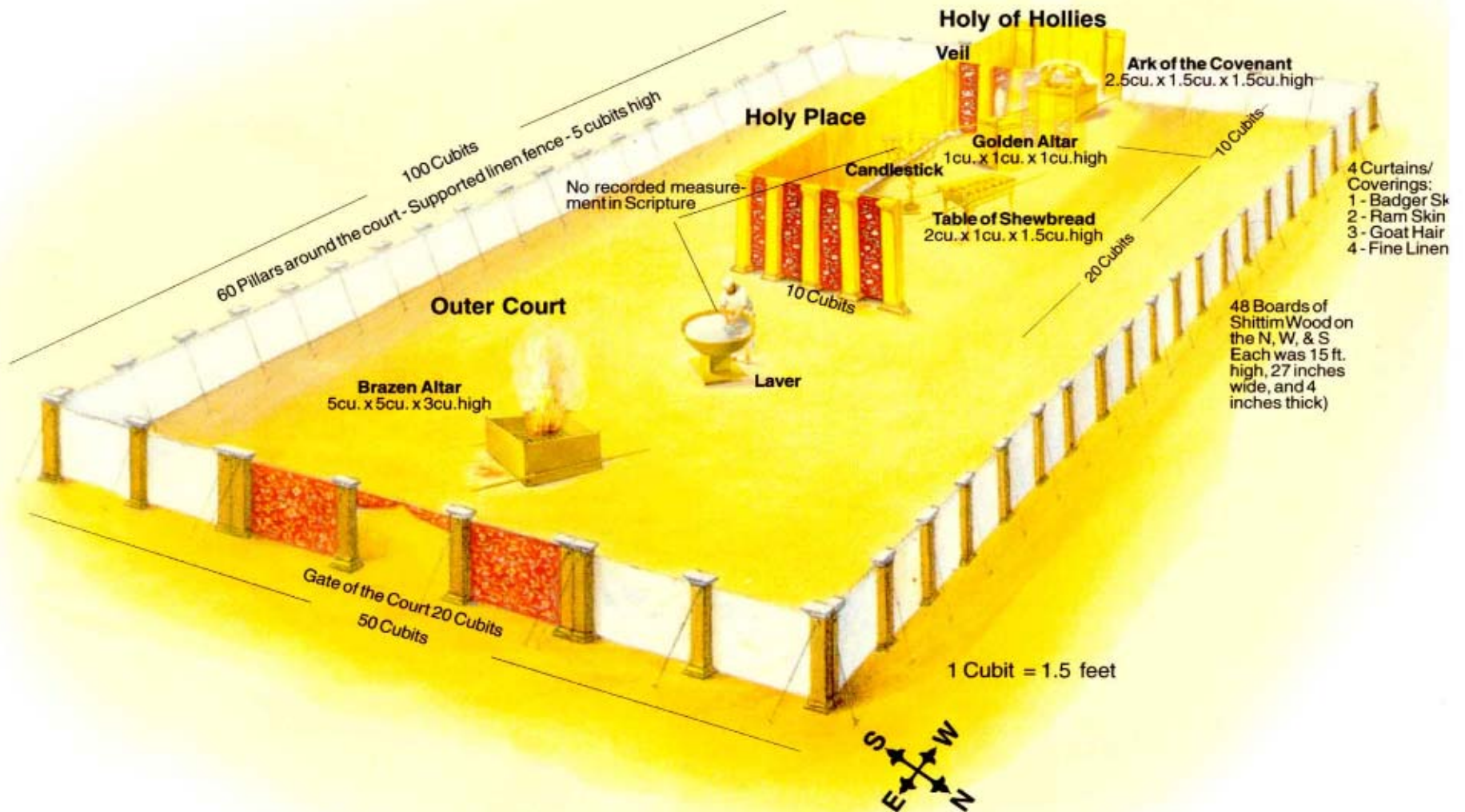


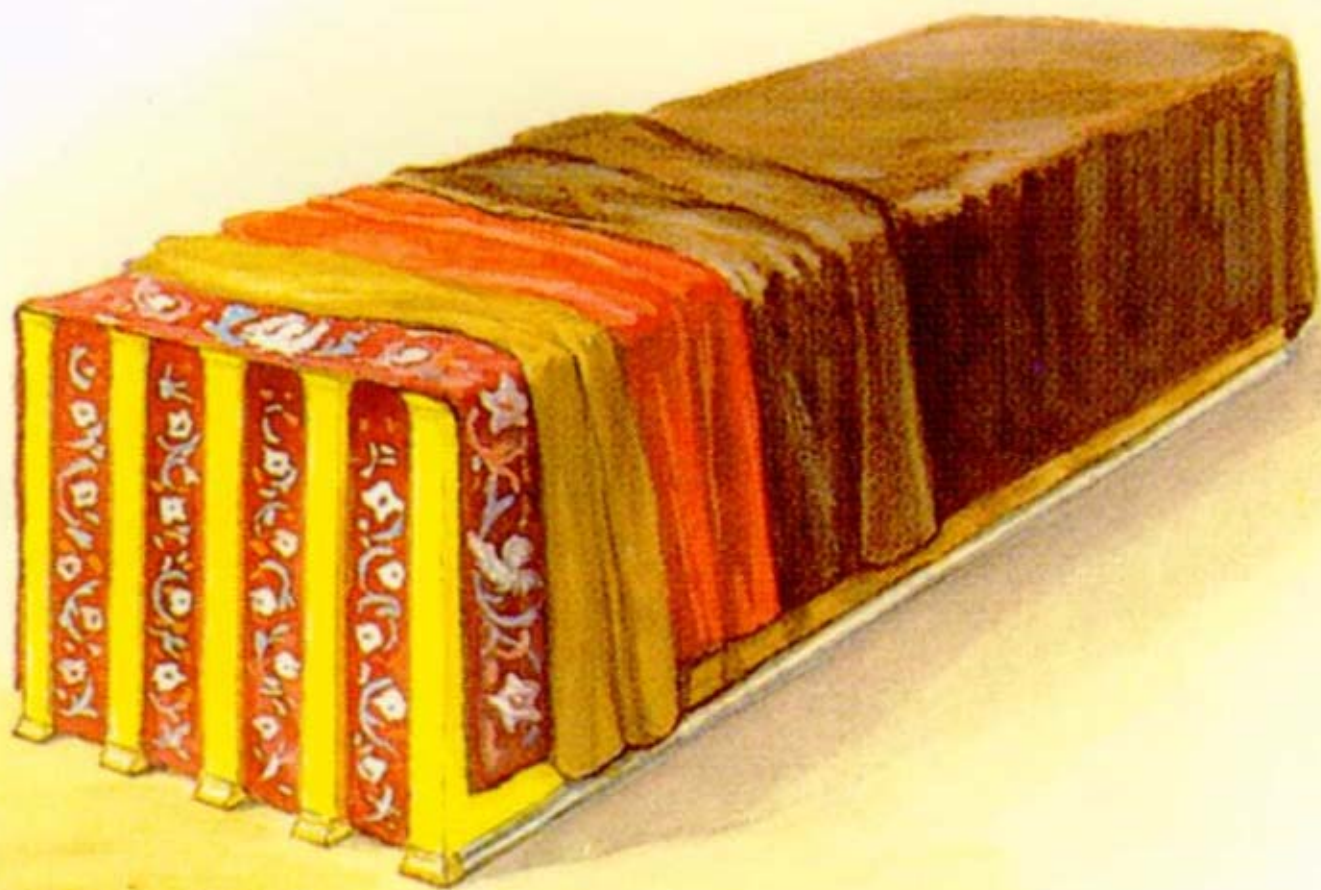


Veil

- Mystery
- Forbidden
- Part of the Pattern
- Testimony from the Holy Spirit
- Behind
- Divider

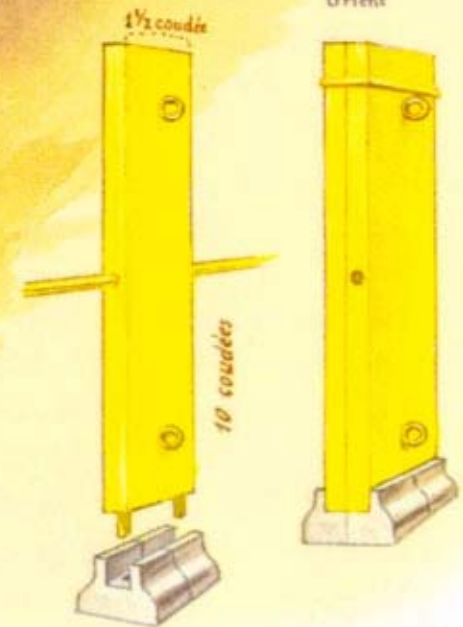
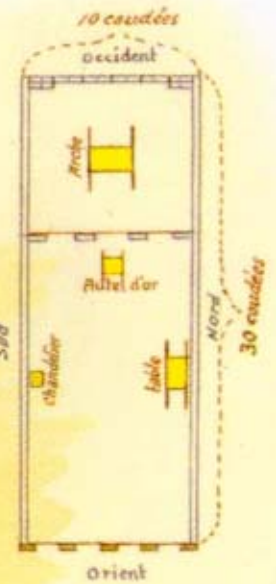
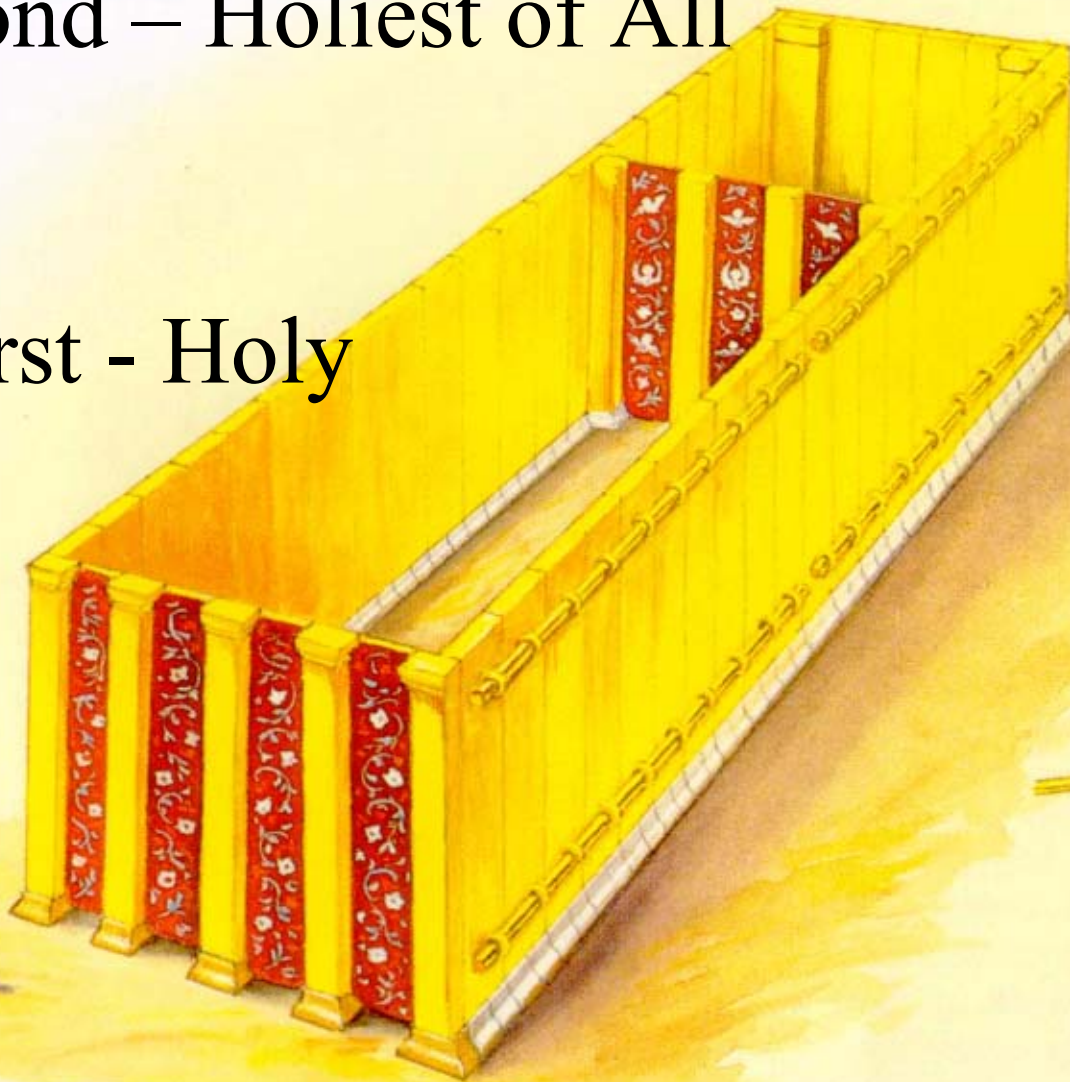
The Structure and Dimensions of the Tabernacle



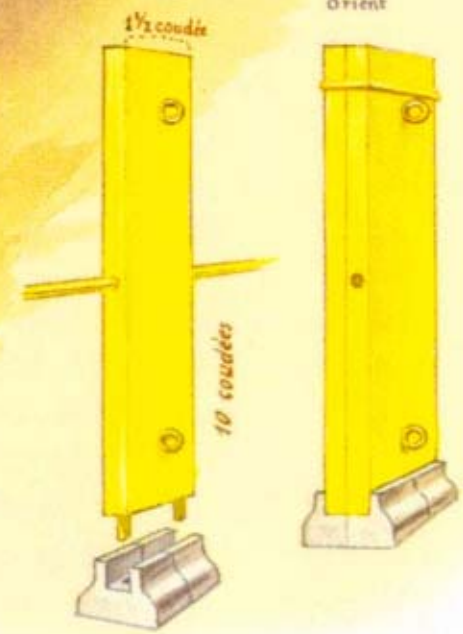
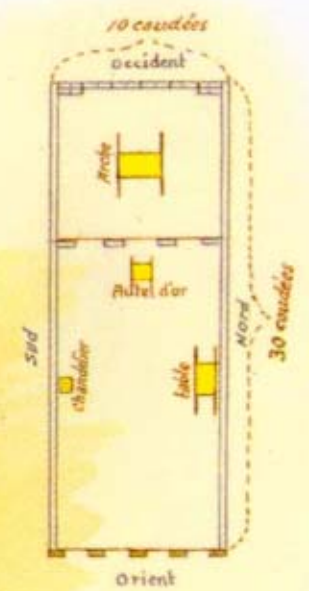
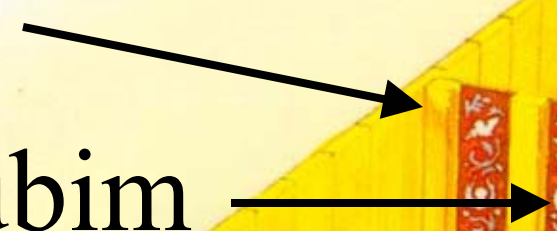
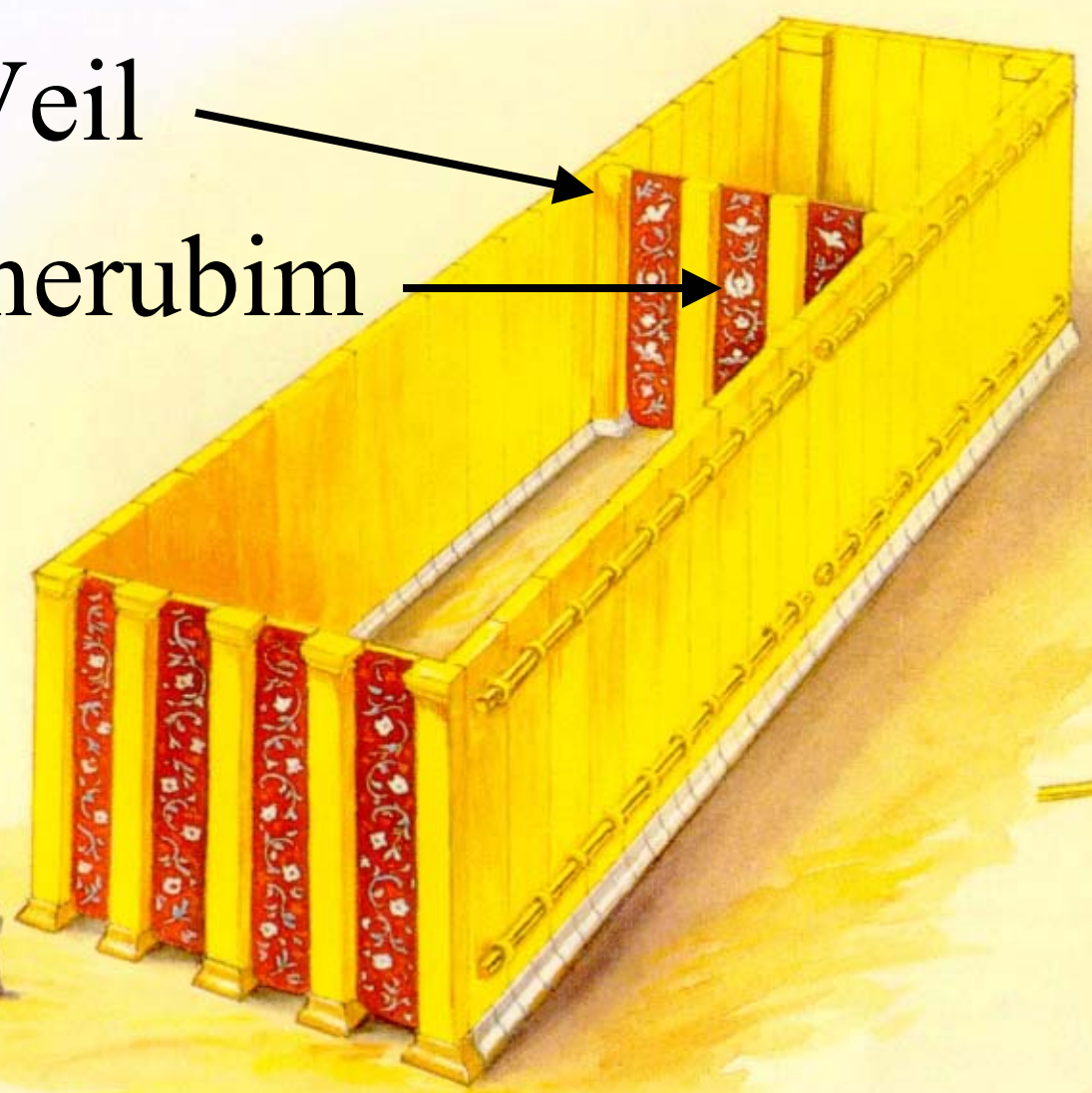


Second – Holiest of All

First - Holy

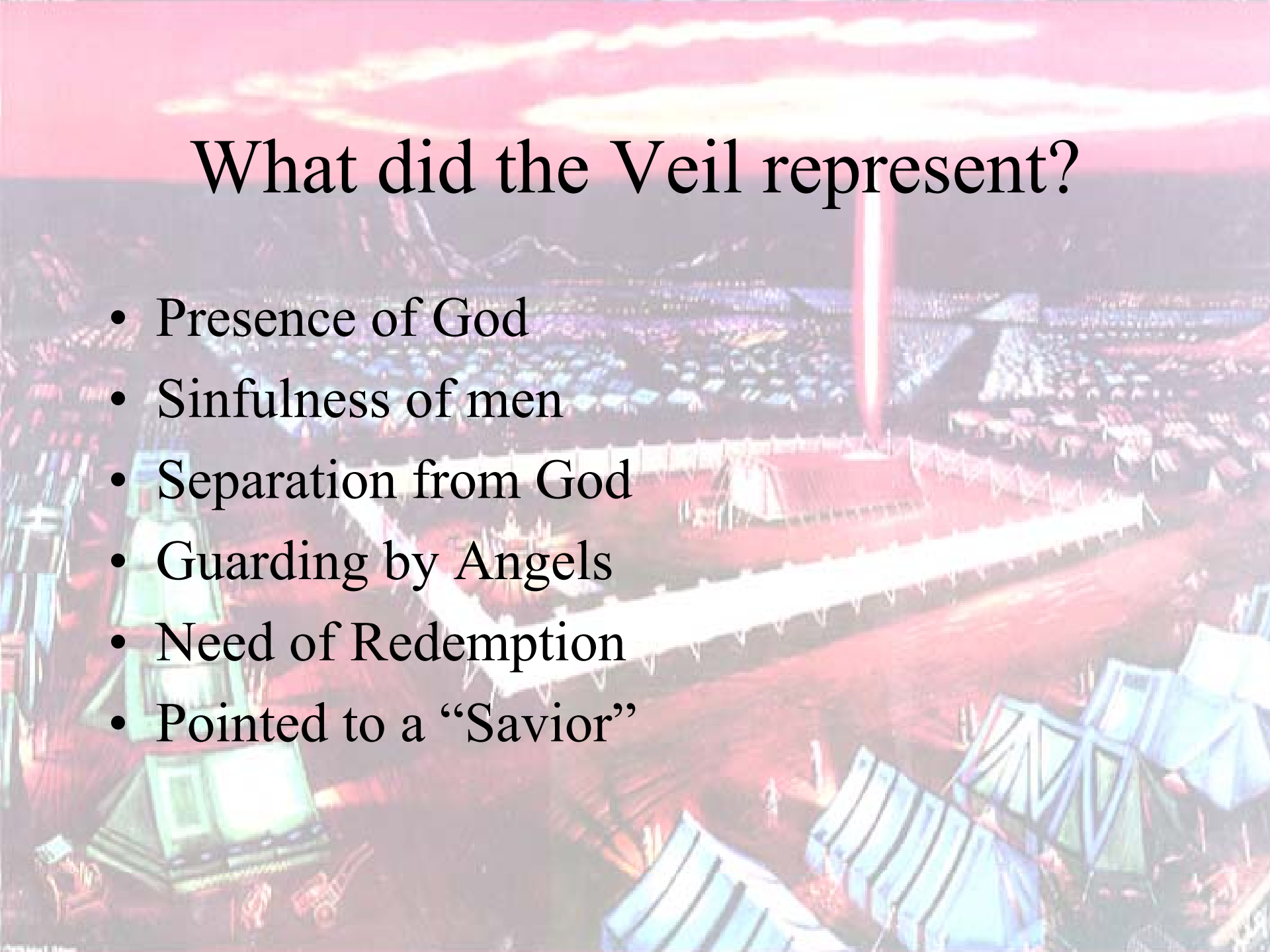


Veil
Cherubim



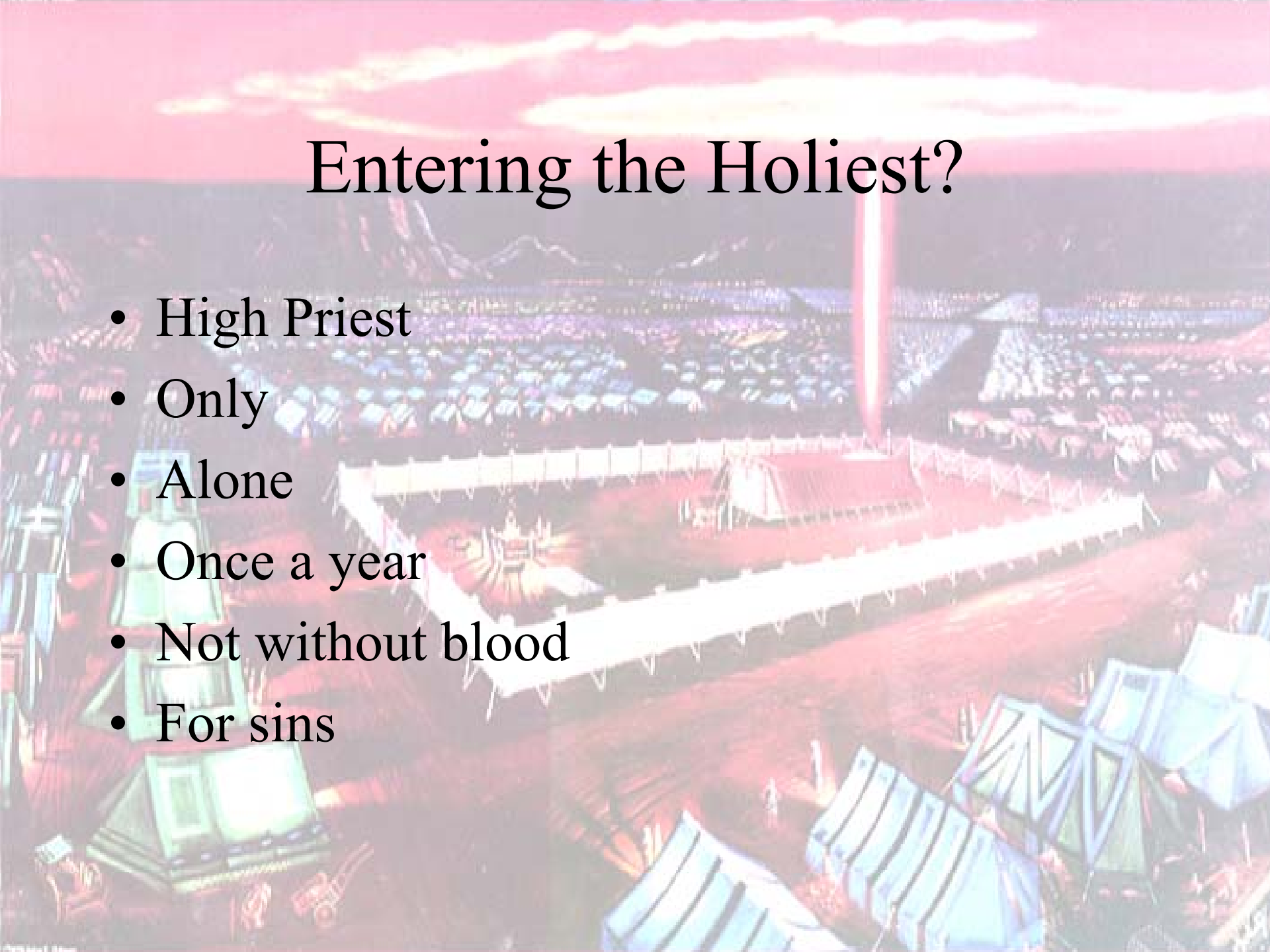
What did the Veil represent?

- Presence of God
- Sinfulness of men
- Separation from God
- Guarding by Angels
- Need of Redemption
- Pointed to a “Savior”



Entering the Holiest?

- High Priest
- Only
- Alone
- Once a year
- Not without blood
- For sins



Feasts of Israel

The background of the slide is a photograph of a large outdoor gathering. In the center, there is a tall, white, rectangular structure, possibly a tent or a stage. A large crowd of people is gathered around it, and the scene is set against a bright, hazy sky. The overall atmosphere is one of a significant event or festival.

- Feast of Unleavened Bread – first month
 - Passover
 - Pentecost
- Feast of Harvest – 7th month
 - Feast of Tabernacles
 - Feast of Trumpets
 - *Day of Atonement*

Types of Blood Offerings

A vibrant, stylized illustration of an ancient city or temple complex. The scene is dominated by a large, multi-tiered tower on the left, and a massive, rectangular structure with a white facade and a red roof in the center. The background is filled with numerous smaller buildings and structures, all set against a dramatic sunset sky with orange and yellow clouds. The overall atmosphere is one of grandeur and historical significance.

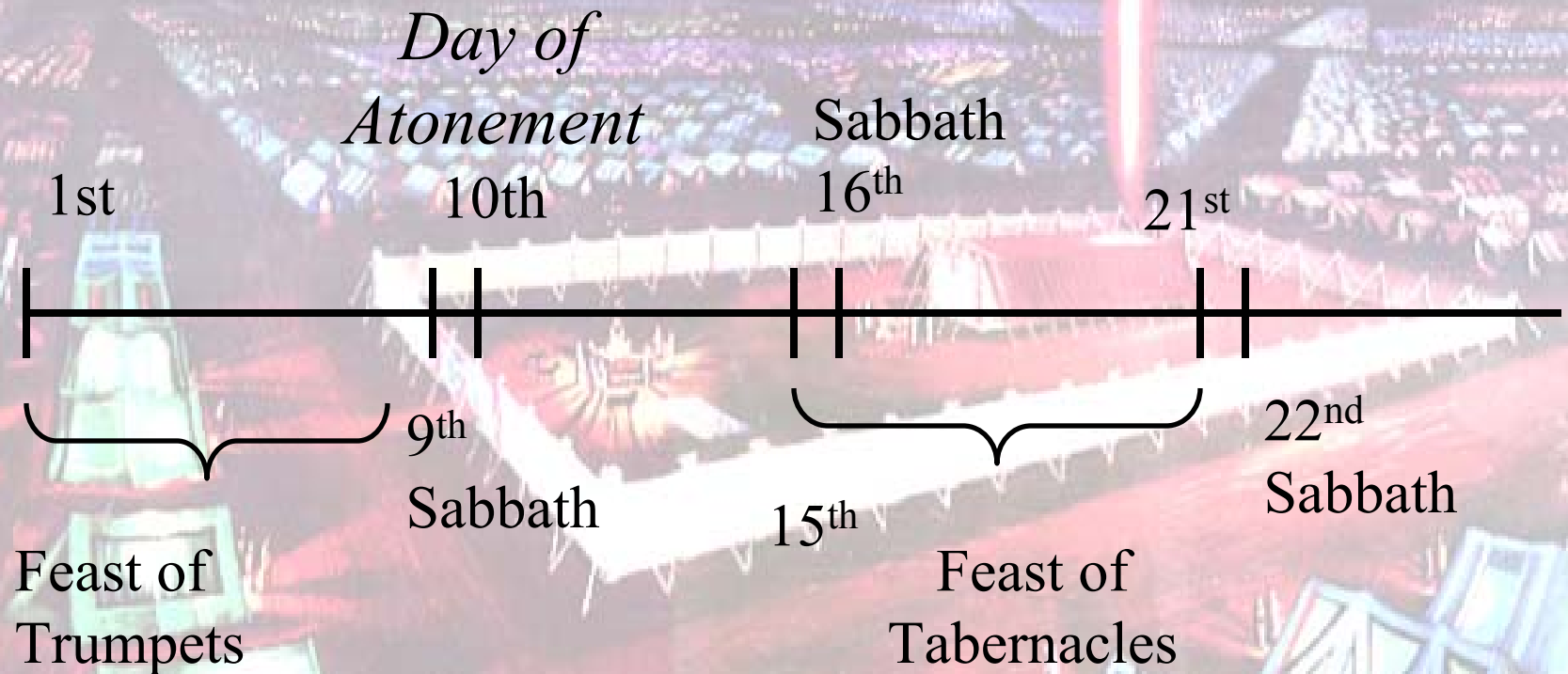
Burnt offering

Peace offering

Sin offering

Trespass offering

Feast of Harvest



Day of Atonement offerings

Burnt offering

1 Ram

Sin offering

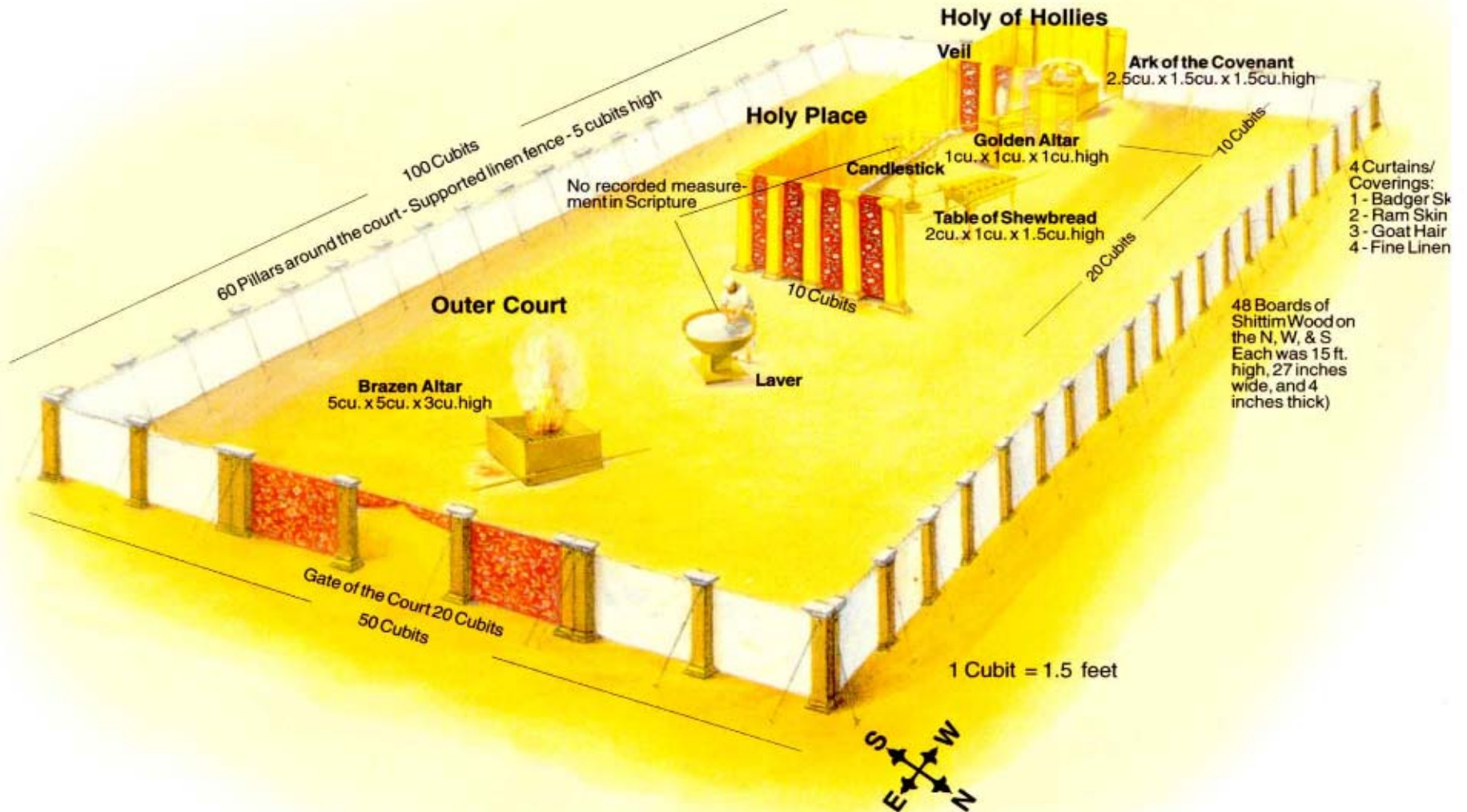
1 young bull - for High Priest/family's sins

2 kid goats – for the Israelites sins

Day of Atonement

- Everyone leaves the tabernacle
- Aaron wash and Put on the Linen clothes (Holy Garments):
 - Tunic, trousers, sash, turban
- Take the goats to the door of the tabernacle
- Cast lots for the goats
 - One for the Lord (sin)
 - One for Israel (atonement)
- Censor full of coals & incense brought behind the veil to create a cloud to cover the mercy seat
- Sacrifice the bull
- Sprinkle some of the Bull's blood 7 times with finger on the Mercy seat on the EAST side
- Kill the Goat for the Lord as a sin offering to the Lord
- Bring the blood of the goat behind the veil
- Sprinkle the mercy seat 7 times with finger
- Go back out & sprinkle the of the Bull & the Goat blood on the Horns of the Altar 7 times with his finger
- Anointing for: Holy place, Holiest of All, Tabernacle, Altar, Priests, People
- Bring in the Live Goat
- Lay both hands on head, and lay the iniquities of Israel on it
- Send the Goat into the Wilderness by the hand of a suitable man
- Release the Goat
- Aaron wash and Remove the Holy Garments
- Aaron come out
- Aaron offer His & people burnt offerings

The Structure and Dimensions of the Tabernacle



Way to God is being re-opened

- Atonement
- Sprinkling of the Blood
- Washing of the Body
- Offering for sins
- Patterns
- Holiest
- East of Eden, tabernacle
- Cherubim on veil
- Blood makes Atonement
- Jesus' blood at Pilate's
- Baptism of Jesus
- Crucifixion
- True form
- Heaven
- East of Jerusalem
- Cherubim from Garden

Symbolism

- Barabbas
- Simon of Cyrene
- Outside the camp
- 2 thieves
- Baptism of Jesus
- Grave clothing fine linen
- Veil Torn
- Set free
- One who led out scapegoat
- Crucified outside the temple
- Washing of the priest
- Fine linens of Priest
- Veil put up

Entering the True Holiest?

- Boldness
- Draw near
- True Heart
- Full Assurance of Faith
- Heart sprinkled
- Bodies washed with pure water
- Hold fast the confession

What is behind the Veil?

- Presence of God
- Throne of God
- Jesus sitting
- Where our prayers go
- Anchor of our hope

